



Lab Name:	Procedu	re #:				
Procedure: CLIA Complexity: Waived						
Prepared By	Date Adopted	Supersedes Procedure #				

Review Date	Revision Date	Signature

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This Procedural Bulletin is intended to provide a ready outline reference for performance of the assay. These abbreviated directions for use are not intended to replace the complete package insert. It is the obligation of every manufacturer of medical devices labeled FOR *IN VITRO* DIAGNOSTIC USE to provide a complete package insert in accordance with FDA labeling regulation (21CFR 809.10). Prepared in accordance with the guidelines recommended by the Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute, Wayne, PA 19087; CLSI Document GP2-A2.

Quidel Corporation provides CLSI procedures for your use. The procedures are required to include the same information as listed in the package insert. Any modifications to this document are the sole responsibility of the Laboratory.





Lab Name:



CLIA Complexity: WAIVED

INTENDED USE

The QuickVue One-Step hCG Urine test is a one-step immunoassay intended for the qualitative detection of human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) in urine for the early detection of pregnancy. The test is intended for use by healthcare professionals.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Human Chorionic Gonadotropin is a hormone produced by the placenta shortly after implantation. Since hCG is present in the urine of pregnant women, it is an excellent marker for confirming pregnancy.

PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

The QuickVue test uses a monoclonal antibody specific to the beta subunit of hCG in a single-step technology to accurately detect hCG.

Urine is added to the Sample Well on the Test Cassette. If hCG is present in the specimen at a level of 25mIU/mL or greater, a pink-to-red Test (T) Line will appear along with a blue procedural Control (C) Line in the Result Window. If hCG is present at lower levels, or not present in the specimen, only a blue procedural Control Line will appear in the Result Window.

REAGENTS AND MATERIALS SUPPLIED

- 25 individually wrapped Test Cassettes
 - > Test Strip contains murine monoclonal anti-hCG antibody
- 25 disposable pipettes
- 1 Package Insert
- 1 Procedure Card

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Watch or clock that measures minutes
- Specimen collection containers





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MATERIALS RECOMMENDED BUT NOT PROVIDED

■ External hCG controls traceable to WHO Standard (4th IS 75/589).

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- For *in vitro* diagnostic use.
- Do not use kit contents after the expiration date printed on the outside of the kit.
- Use appropriate precautions in the collection, storage, handling and disposal of patient samples and used kit contents.
- Use of Nitrile or Latex gloves is recommended when handling patient samples.¹
- Dispose of containers and unused contents in accordance with Federal, State, and Local requirements.
- To obtain accurate results, you must follow the Package Insert instructions.

KIT STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store kit at room temperature 59–86°F (15–30°C), out of direct sunlight. Kit contents are stable until the expiration date printed on the outer box carton.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND STORAGE

Collect urine specimens in clean containers. First morning specimens generally contain the highest concentrations of hCG and are recommended for early detection of pregnancy. However, any urine specimen is suitable for testing.

Specimens may be kept at room temperature for 8 hours or refrigerated at 36–46°F (2–8°C) for up to 72 hours. Samples may be frozen once at -20°C or below. If frozen, mix after thawing. Do not refreeze.

QUALITY CONTROL

Built-in Quality Control Features

The QuickVue test provides several levels of internal procedural controls with each test run. For daily quality control, Quidel recommends documenting these controls for the first sample tested each day.

The appearance of a blue procedural Control Line is an internal positive control. This indicates that sufficient sample fluid was added for capillary flow to occur and the correct procedural technique was used. If this line does not develop, the test result is considered invalid.



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A clear background in the test result window is an internal background negative control. If the test has been performed correctly, the background should be white to light pink within 3 minutes and not interfere with the reading of the test result.

External Quality Control Testing

External controls may also be used to assure that the reagents are performing properly and that you are able to correctly perform the Test Procedure. For this purpose, we recommend using the hCG Control Set (Catalog Number 00272). Some commercial controls may contain interfering additives and are not recommended for use in the QuickVue test.

Good Laboratory Practice suggest that external controls should be tested with each new lot or shipment of test materials, and as otherwise required by your laboratory's standard quality control procedures.

TEST PROCEDURE

When performing more than one test, ensure Test Cassettes are labeled correctly. Use a new pipette for each sample/test.

- Remove the QuickVue Test Cassette from the foil pouch just before use and place it on a clean, dry, level surface.
- Using one of the disposable pipettes supplied, collect sample and add **3 DROPS** (125 µL) of urine to the **Round Sample Well** on the Test Cassette. The Test Cassette should not be handled or moved until the test is complete and ready for reading.

WAIT THREE MINUTES AND READ.

Note: Some positive results may be seen sooner.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

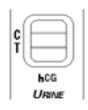
See Procedure Card for color result interpretation.

Positive:

Any pink-to-red Test Line (T) along with a blue Control Line (C) is a positive result for the detection of hCG.

Negative:

A blue Control Line (C) and no pink Test Line (T) is a negative result.









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Invalid Result:

The test result is invalid if a blue Control Line (C) is not visible at 3 minutes. If this happens, retest using a new sample and a new Test Cassette or contact Quidel Technical Support.



LIMITATIONS

- The contents of this kit are for use in the **qualitative** detection of hCG in urine.
- Test results must always be evaluated with other data available to the physician.
- While pregnancy is the most likely reason for the presence of hCG in urine, elevated hCG concentrations unrelated to pregnancy have been reported in some patients.^{2,3} Conditions other than normal pregnancy may be associated with detectable hCG, including, for example, ectopic pregnancy or molar pregnancy.⁴ Patients with trophoblastic and nontrophoblastic disease may have elevated hCG levels, therefore, the possibility of hCG secreting neoplasms should be eliminated prior to the diagnosis of pregnancy.
- hCG may remain detectable for a few days to several weeks after delivery, abortion, natural termination or hCG injections. ^{5,6}
- Abnormal pregnancies cannot be diagnosed by qualitative hCG results. The above conditions should be ruled out when diagnosing pregnancy.
- Early pregnancy associated with a low level of hCG may show color development after the 3 minute procedure time. If a negative result is obtained but pregnancy is suspected, hCG levels may be too low or urine may be too dilute for detection. Another specimen should be collected after 48–72 hours and tested. If waiting 48 hours is not medically advisable, the test result should be confirmed with a quantitative hCG test.

EXPECTED VALUES

Specimens containing as low as 25 mIU/mL (calibrated against the WHO 4th IS 75/589) hCG will yield positive results when tested with the QuickVue test. In normal pregnancy, hCG can be detected as early as 6 days following conception with concentrations doubling every 32 to 48 hours, peaking in excess of 100,000 mIU/mL in approximately ten to twelve weeks. For some patients, an hCG level of 25 mIU/mL can be detected as early as two to three days before expected menses. 8

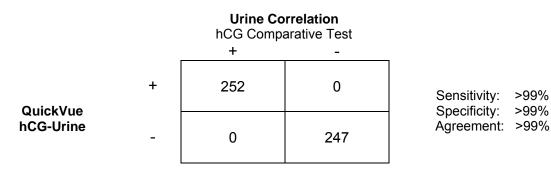
PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

A multi-center clinical study was conducted to establish the performance of the QuickVue One-Step hCG Urine test compared to results obtained from another commercially available hCG test. A quantitative method was used to resolve any



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discrepant results between the two test methods. In this multi-center field trial, 499 urine specimens, collected from patients presenting for pregnancy testing, were evaluated. A concordance of >99% was determined.



Physician's Office Laboratory (POL) Studies

An evaluation of the QuickVue test was conducted at three Physicians' Offices using a panel of coded specimens. Testing was performed by physician's office personnel with diverse educational backgrounds and work experience at three geographically distinct locations. The proficiency panel contained negative, low positive and moderate positive samples. Each sample level was tested in multiple replicates at each site over a period of three days.

The results obtained at each site had 100% agreement with the expected results. No significant differences were observed within run, between runs, or between sites.

Cross-Reactivity

hTSH, hLH, and hFSH were tested and showed no cross-reactivity in the test.

Interference Testing

The following compounds were tested and did not interfere with the performance of the test.

Chemical Analytes	Concentration
Acetominophen	20 mg/dL
Acetoacetic Acid	2000 mg/dL
Acetylsalicylic Acid	20 mg/dL
Ascorbic Acid	20 mg/dL
β-Hydroxybutyrate	2000 mg/dL
Benzoylecgonine (cocaine metabolite)	10 mg/dL
Caffeine	20 mg/dL
Cannabinol	10 mg/dL
Chlomiphene	100 mg/dL
Cocaine	10 mg/dL
Codeine	10 mg/mL



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3% **DMSO Ephedrine** 20 mg/dL Ethanol 1% Heroin 1 mg/dL Gentisic Acid 20 mg/dL 10 mg/dL Methadone 10 mg/dL Methamphetamine 10% Methanol 20 mg/dL Phenothiazine 20 mg/dL Phenylpropanolamine Salicylic Acid 20 mg/dL Theophylline 20 mg/mL Uric Acid 20 mg/dL

Urine AnalytesConcentractionAlbumin (serum)2000 mg/dLBilirubin1000 μg/dLHemoglobin1000 μg/dLGlucose2000 mg/dLUrine pH5-9

 Hormones
 Concentration

 hLH
 500 mIU/mL

 hFSH
 1000 mIU/mL

 hTSH
 1000 μIU/mL

 Estriol 17-beta
 1400 μg/mL

 Pregnanediol
 1500 μg/mL

BacteriaConcentrationE. coli108 CFU/mLGroup B Streptococcus2.5 x 107 CFU/mLChlamydia trachomatis107 IFU/mL

ASSISTANCE

If you have any questions regarding the use of this product, please call Quidel's Technical Support number, (800) 874-1517 (toll-free in the U.S.A.) or (858) 552-1100, Monday through Friday, between 7:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Pacific Time, U.S.A. If outside the United States contact your local distributor or technical support@quidel.com.

REFERENCES

1. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories, 4th Edition. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, CDC, NIH, Washington, DC (1999).





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- 8. McCready J., Braunstein G.D., Helm D., Wade M.E. Clin Chem 24: 1958–1961, (1978).



20109 – QuickVue One-Step hCG Urine 25 Test Kit 00272 – hCG Control Set







| **EC** | **REP** | MDSS GmbH Schiffgraben 41 30163 Hanover, Germany

Quidel Corporation
Worldwide Headquarters
10165 Mckellar Court
San Diego, CA 92121 USA





Lab Name:

QUIDEL®

1040602 (02/11)

EC REP	REF
Authorized Representative in the European Community	Catalogue number
22	For In Vitro diagnostic use
Use by	
Batch code	Ţ i
	Consult instructions for use
Manufacturer	Temperature limitation





Lab Name:

	QUICKVUE One-Step hCG Urine TEST						
				ent tested each day.			
Reco	Date	Patient Name	Negative Procedural Control (Clear Bkgd)	Positive Procedural Control (Blue Line)	Test Results At 3 minutes	Lot Number and Exp. Date	Technician
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							



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LOG SHEET



Need to run external Positive and Negative Controls once per lot or shipment of material per CLIA package insert requirements.

requ	requirements.									
	Date/Date Received	External Positive Control	External Negative Control	Lot Number and Exp. Date	Technician					
1 2										
3										
4										
5 6										
7										
8										
10										
11										
12 13										
14										
15										

Catalog Number: 20109 QuickVue One-Step hCG Urine – 25 Test